

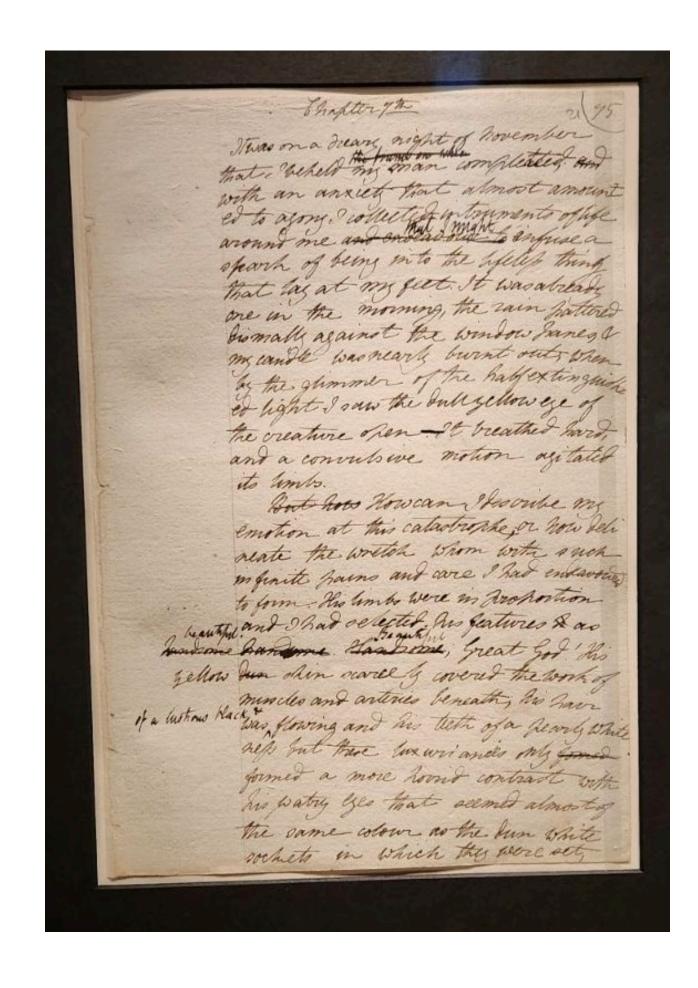
## **Honors Study Abroad Poster** Honors 399: Keep Calm and Research On

# Never Let Me Go, Kazuo Ishiguro's Time Capsule for Disability in 1990s Britain

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#### Introduction

My research examines Kazuo Ishiguro's Never Let Me Go as a representation for disability in 1990s Great Britain. Ishiguro switches the roles of his characters as "they [Kathy, Ruth, and Tommy] paradoxically possess normate embodiment and disabled status" (Garland-Thomson 138). Towards Inclusion—civil rights for disabled people relates to Never Let Me Go as it addresses the shortcomings of legislation during the time the novel is set (DfEE). Never Let Me Go relates to Mary Shelley's Frankenstein in discussions of normality as well (Garland-Thomson 140).



A page from the original Frankenstein draft.



## **Key Points**

- Ishiguro splits Kathy's life into three parts.
  - The inaccessibility of education, transportation, and employment
- These factors align with Towards Inclusion.
  - Section 2.4 (Education)
  - Section 2.35 (Transport)
  - Section 3.3.1 (Employment)
- Shelley splits Frankenstein into three volumes that encompass similar themes.

#### **Impact**

As scholars like Garland-Thomson point out, Never Let Me Go asks the question: "What is normal?". The UK Science Museum film When Medicine Defines What's "Normal": Family, Genes, and Normality helps answer this question. One of the interviewees, Jamie: Actor, Father, Friend relates how people "may define me by my disability, but it's one of many, many characteristics." Because Never Let Me Go challenges its readers to consider what is normal in the context of disability, its importance to British culture (and society as a whole) is paramount.

#### References

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